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^{*} The design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice for product improvement. Consult with the sales agency or manufacturer for details.

^{*} The shape and position of butions and indicators may vary according to the model, but their function are the same.

- Check the information in this manual to find out the dimensions of space needed for proper installation of the device, including the minimum distances allowed compared to adjacent structures.
- 2. Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than 4m².
- 3. The installation of pipe-work shall be kept to aminimum.
- 4. The pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage, and shall not be installed in an unventilated space if the space is smaller than 4m².
- 5. The compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- 6. The mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.
- 7. Follow the instructions given in this manual for handling, installing, cleaning, maintaining and disposing of the refrigerant.
- 8. Make sure ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- 9. Notice: The servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 10. Warning: The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.
- 11. Warning: The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating open flames (for example an operating gas appliance) and ignition sources (for example an operating electric heater).
- 12. The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage from occurring.
- 13. It is appropriate that anyone who is called upon to work on a refrigerant circuit should hold a valid and up-to-date certificate from an assessment authority accredited by the industry and recognizing their competence to handle refrigerants, in accordance with the assessment specification recognized in the industrial sector concerned. Service operations should only be carried out in accordance with the recommendations of the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair operations that require the assistance of other qualified persons must be conducted under the supervision of the person competent for the use of flammable refrigerants.
- 14. Every working procedure that affects safety means shall only be carried out by competent persons.
- 15. Warning:
 - * Do not use any means to accelerate the defrosting process or clean the frost on your own. Follow the recommended guidelines from the manufacturer.
 - * The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.
 - * Do not pierce or burn.
 - * Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.



Read operator's manual

Operating instructions

Read technical manual

16. Information on servicing:

1) Checks to the area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized. For repair to the refrigerating system, the following precautions shall be complied with prior to conducting work on the system.

2) Work procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

3) General work area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material

4) Checking for presence of refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

5) Presence of fire extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

6) No ignition sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

7) Ventilated area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any work that will produce heat. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out.

The ventilation should safely disperse anyreleased refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

8) Checks to the refrigeration equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.

If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

- -- The charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- -- The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- -- If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- -- Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- -- Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.
- 9) Checks to electrical devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks shall include:

- -- That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- -- That no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- -- That there is continuity of earth bonding.

17. Repairs to sealed components

- 1) During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- 2) Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc. Ensure that apparatus is mounted securely. Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

NOTE: The use of silicon sealant may inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

18. Repair to intrinsically safe components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use. Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

19. Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

20. Detection of flammable refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

21. Leak detection methods

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for systems containing flammable refrigerants.

Electronic leak detectors shall be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/ extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

22. Removal and evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed since inflammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- -- Remove refrigerant;
- -- Purge the circuit with inert gas;
- -- Evacuate:
- -- Purge again with inert gas;
- -- Open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. The system shall be flushed with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.

Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available.

23. Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:
 - . mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- . all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- . the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- . recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible,make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders.(No more than 80% volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed,make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

24. Labeling

Equipment shall be labled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system

25. Recovery

and especially not in cylinders.

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labled for that refrigerant(i.e. Special cylinders for he recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs. The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appriate refrigerants includeing, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt. The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recover cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS(R454B)

Important Considerations

- The air conditioner must be installed by professional personnel and the Installation manual is used only for the professional installation personnel! The installation specifications should be subject to our after-sale service regulations.
- When filling the combustible refrigerant, any of your rude operations may cause serious injury or injuries to human body and objects.
- 3. A leak test must be done after the installation completed.
- 4. It is a must to do the safety inspection before maintaining or repairing an air conditioner using combustible refrigerant in order to ensure that the fire risk is reduced to minimum.
- 5. It is necessary to operate the machine under a controlled procedure in order to ensure that any risk arising from the combustible gas or vapor during the operation is reduced to minimum.
- 6. Requirements for the total weight of filled refrigerant and the area of a room to be equipped with an air conditioner (are shown as in the following Tables GG.1 and GG.2)

The maximum charge and the required minimum floor area

 $m_1 = (6m^3) \times LFL$, $m_2 = (52m^3)) \times LFL$, $m_3 = (260m^3) \times LFL$

Where LFL is the lower flammable limit in kg/m³,R454B LFL is 0.296kg/m³.

For the appliances with a charge amount $m_1 < M = m_2$:

The maximum charge in a room shall be in accordance with the following:

$$m_{max} = 2.5 \times (LFL)^{(5/4)} \times h_0 \times (A)^{1/2}$$

The required minimum floor area A min to installan appliance with refrigerant charge M(kg) shall be in accordance with following: $A_{min} = (M/(2.5 \times (LFL)^{(5/4)} \times h_0))^2$

Where:

Table GG.1 - Maximum charge (kg)

Category IFL(kg/m³)		h (m)	Floor area (m²)							
		h ₀ (m)	4	7	10	15	20	30	50	
R454B	0.296	1	0.6	1.04	1.48	2.11	2.44	2.99	3.86	
		0.206	1.8	1.1	1.86	2.66	3.81	4.39	5.38	6.95
		2.2	1.3	2.28	3.26	4.65	5.37	6.58	8.49	
		2.5	1.5	2.59	3.70	5.28	6.10	7.47	9.65	

Table GG.2 - Minimum room area (m²)

Category	LFL(kg/m³)	h ₀ (m)	Charge amount (M) (kg) Minimum room area (m²)						
R454B	0.296		1.224kg	1.836kg	2.448kg	3.672kg	4.896kg	6.12kg	7.956kg
		0.6	/	31	56	126	223	349	590
		1	/	12	20	45	80	126	212
		1.8	/	7	9	14	25	39	66
		2.2	/	6	8	11	17	26	44

Installation Safety Principles

1. Site Safety







Ventilation Necessary

2. operation safety



Mind Static Electricity



Must wear protective clothing and anti-static gloves





Don't use mobile phone

INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS(R454B)

- 3. Installation Safety
- Refrigerant Leak Detector
- · Appropriate Installation Location



The left picture is the schematic diagram of a refrigerant leak detector.

Please note that:

- 1. The installation site should be well-ventilated.
- 2. The sites for installing and maintaining an air conditioner using Refrigerant R454B should be free from open fire or welding, smoking, drying oven or any other heat source higher than 548 which easily produces open fire.
- 3. When installing an air conditioner, it is necessary to take appropriate anti-static measures such as wear anti-static clothing and/or gloves.
- 4. It is necessary to choose the site convenient for installation or maintenance wherein the air inlets and outlets of the indoor and outdoor units should be not surrounded by obstacles or close to any heat source or combustible and/or explosive environment.
- 5. If the indoor unit suffers refrigerant leak during the installation, it is necessary to immediately turn off the valve of the outdoor unit and all the personnel should go out till the refrigerant leaks completely for 15 minutes. If the product is damaged, it is a must to carry such damaged product back to the maintenance station and it is prohibited to weld the refrigerant pipe or conduct other operations on the user's site.
- 6. It is necessary to choose the place where the inlet and outlet air of the indoor unit is even.
- 7. It is necessary to avoid the places where there are other electrical products, power switch plugs and sockets, kitchen cabinet, bed, sofa and other valuables right under the lines on two sides of the indoor unit.

Suggested Tools

Tool	Picture	Tool	Picture	Tool	Picture
Standard Wrench	2	Pipe Cutter	-50	Vacuum Pump	4
Adjustable/ Crescent Wrench		Screw drivers (Phillips & Flat blade)		Safety Glasses	6
Torque Wrench	0	Manifold and Gauges	<u>Ø</u>	Work Gloves	197
Hex Keys or Allen Wrenches		Level	DEEN	Refrigerant Scale	The second secon
Drill & Drill Bits		Flaring tool	4	Micron Gauge	
Hole Saw	FI	Clamp on Amp Meter	METO		

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

SAFETY RULES AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE INSTALLER

- 1. Read this guide before installing and using the appliance.
- 2. During the installation of the indoor and outdoor units, access to the working area should be forbidden to children. Unforeseeable accidents could happen.
- 3. Make sure that the base of the outdoor unit is firmly fixed.
- 4. Check that air cannot enter the refrigerant system and check for refrigerant leaks when moving the air conditioner.
- 5. Carry out a test cycle after installing the air conditioner and record the operating data.
- 6. Protect the indoor unit with a fuse of suitable capacity for the maximum input current or with another overload protection device.
- 7. Ensure that the mains voltage corresponds to that stamped on the rating plate. Keep the switch or power plug clean. Insert the power plug correctly and firmly into the socket, thereby avoiding the risk of electric shock or fire due to insufficient contact.
- 8. Check that the socket is suitable for the plug, otherwise have the socket changed.
- 9. The appliance must be fitted with means for disconnection from the supply mains having a contact separation in all poles that provide full disconnection under "over voltage category III conditions", and these means must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring rules.
- 10. The air conditioner must be installed by professional or qualified persons.
- 11. Do not install the appliance at a distance of less than 50 cm from inflammable substances (alcohol, etc.) Or from pressurized containers (e.g. spray cans).
- 12. If the appliance is used in areas without the possibility of ventilation, precautions must be taken to prevent any leaks of refrigerant gas from remaining in the environment and creating a danger of fire.
- 13. The packaging materials are recyclable and should be disposed of in the separate waste bins.

 Take the air conditioner at the end of its useful life to a special waste collection center for disposal.
- 14. Only use the air conditioner as instructed in this booklet. These instructions are not intended to cover every possible condition and situaion. As with any electrical household appliance, common sense and cauion are therefore always recommended for installation, operation and maintenance.
- 15. The appliance must be installed in accordance with applicable national regulaions.
- 16. Before accessing the terminals, all the power circuits must be disconnected from the power supply.
- 17. The appliance shall be installed in accordance with naional wiring regulaions.
- 18. This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and under stand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

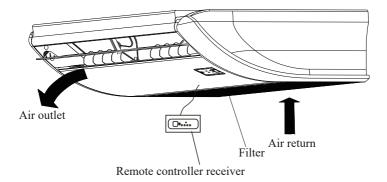
SAFETY RULES AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE INSTALLER

- 19. Do not try to install the conditioner alone, always contact specialized technical personnel.
- 20. Cleaning and maintenance must be carried out by specialized technical personnel. In any case disconnect the appliance from the mains electricity supply before carrying out any cleaning or maintenance.
- 21. Ensure that the mains voltage corresponds to that stamped on the rating plate. Keep the switch or power plug clean. Insert the power plug correctly and firmly into the socket, thereby avoiding the risk of electric shock or fire due to insufficient contact.
- 22. Do not pull out the plug to switch off the appliance when it is in operation, since this could create a spark and cause a fire, etc.
- 23. This appliance has been made for air conditioning domestic environments and must not be used for any other purpose, such as for drying clothes, cooling food, etc.
- 24. Always use the appliance with the air filter mounted. The use of the conditioner without air filter could cause an excessive accumulation of dust or waste on the inner parts of the device with possible subsequent failures.
- 25. The user is responsible for having the appliance installed by a qualified technician, who must check that earthing/grounding is done in accordance with current legislation and insert a thermos magnetic circuit breaker.
- 26. The batteries in the remote controller must be recycled or disposed of properly. For disposal of scrap batteries, please discard the batteries as sorted municipal waste at the accessible collection point.
- 27. Never remain directly exposed to the flow of cold air for a long time. The direct and prolonged exposition to cold air could be dangerous for your health. Particular care should be taken in the rooms where there are children, old or sick people.
- 28. If the appliance gives off smoke or there is a smell of burning, immediately cut off the power supply and contact the Service Center.
- 29. The prolonged use of the device in such conditions could cause fire or electrocution.
- 30. Have repairs carried out only by an authorised Service Center of the manufacturer. Incorrect repair could expose the user to the risk of electric shock, etc.
- 31. Unhook the automatic switch if you foresee not to use the device for a long time. The airflow direction must be properly adjusted.
- 32. The flaps must be directed downwards in the heating mode and upwards in the cooling mode.
- 33. Ensure that the appliance is disconnected from the power supply when it will remain inoperative for a long period and before carrying out any cleaning or maintenance.
- 34. Selecting the most suitable temperature can prevent damage to the appliance.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Do not bend, tug or compress the power cord since this could damage it. Electrical shocks or fire
 are probably due to a damaged power cord. Specialized technical personnel only must replace a
 damaged power cord.
- 2. Do not use extensions or gang modules.
- 3. Do not touch the appliance when barefoot or parts of the body are wet or damp.
- 4. Do not obstruct the air inlet or outlet of the indoor or the outdoor unit. The obstruction of these openings causes a reduction in the operative efficiency of the conditioner with possible consequent failures or damages.
- 5. In no way alter the characteristics of the appliance.
- 6. Do not install the appliance in environments where the air could contain gas, oil or sulphur or near sources of heat.
- 7. This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- 8. Do not climb onto or place any heavy or hot objects on top of the appliance.
- 9. Do not leave windows or doors open for long when the air conditioner is operating.
- 10. \mathbf{D} o not direct the airflow onto plants or animals.
- 11. A long direct exposition to the flow of cold air of the conditioner could have negative effects on plants and animals.
- 12. Do not put the conditioner in contact with water. The electrical insulation could be damaged and thus causing electrocution.
- 13. Do not climb onto or place any objects on the outdoor unit.
- 14. Never insert a stick or similar object into the appliance. It could cause injury.
- 15. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance. If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

PARTS AND FUNCTIONS



Requirements

- The air conditioner can not be started up until it is powered on for 2 hours. Furthermore,in case of a shutdown lasting for about one diel only, please do not cut off the electricity supply.(it is necessary to heat the crankcase heater so as to avoid force start of compressor.)
- Notice that the air inlet/outlet must not be choked up.If choke up takes place, the air conditioner behavior may be affected, or air conditioner cannot run because of actuation of protector.

Please check whether the following list of accessories are of full scope. If there are some spare items, please store them carefully aside.

Serial number	Name	Quantity
1	Drain pipe assembly	x1
2	Outlet pipe clamp ring assembly	x1
3	Remote control unit	x1
4	Drain pipe assembly	x1
5	battery	x2
5	Copper nut	x2

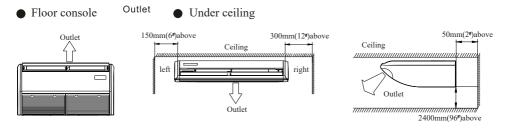
Choose installation location

- 1.A place where there are sufficient space for repair.
- 2. Hung ceiling that can bear the weight of the machine.
- 3.A place without air inlet and outlet is not hindered and without influence from outdoor air.
- 4.A place without heat source like smoke, fire or toxic pullution.
- 5.A place where air flow can be transmitted everywhere in the room.
- 6.A place convienient for installation.

Installation space

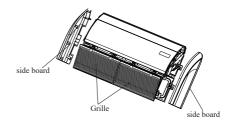
Ensure sufficient space for installation and repair.

GENERAL: This INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION SHEET briefly outlines where and how to install the air conditioning system. Please read over the entire set of instructions for the indoor and outdoor units and make sure all accessory parts listed are with the system before beginning.



Installation procedure

Please remove the grille and the side board.

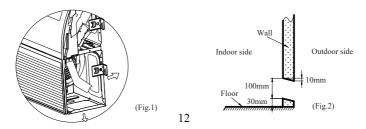


Floor console type

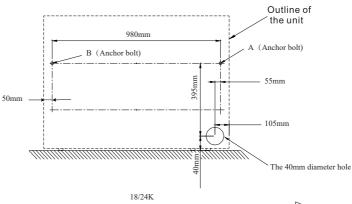
1. Select the piping and drainage directions.

The piping and drain can be made in two directions as shown below(fig.1).

When the direction is selected, please drill a 100mm(4") diameter hole on the wall, and the hole must be tilted downward towards the outdoor for smooth water flow. When the pipe is led out from the rear, make a hole in figure, at the position shown (fig. 2).



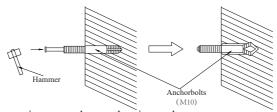
2.Drilling holes for anchor bolts and installing the anchor blots (m10) According to the position of the hole, install two expansible anchor bolts(A and B) at th position shown in the figure.



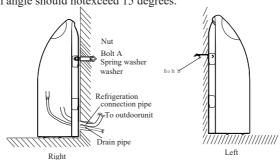
With a concrete drill,drill two 10mm diameter holes at the position(A and B) on the wall.



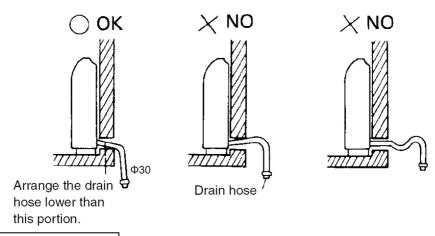
Insert the anchor bolts into the drilled holes, and drive the pinscompletely into the anchor bolts with a hammer.



Install the unitto them witmuts, washers and springwashers NOTE: The installation angle should not exceed 15 degrees.



Be sure to arrange the drain hose so that it is leveled lower than the drain hose connecting port of the indoorunit.

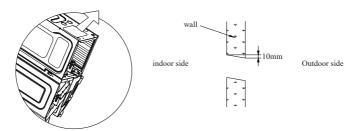


Under ceiling type

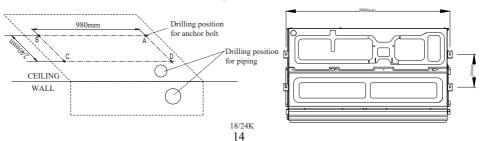
1. Select piping and drain directions.

 $CAUTION: In stall the drainage hose at the rear, it should not be installed on the top \,.$

When the directions are selected, drill 80 mm (3-1/8") and 50 mm (2") or 150 mm (6") dia. hole on the wall so that the hole is tilted downward toward the outdoor for smooth water flow.



2.Drillingholes for anchor bolts and installing the anchor blots(m10). Please drill four holes for anchor bolts at the position A,B,C and D

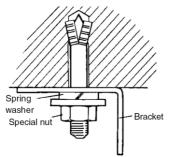


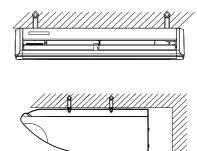
3. Installing indoor unit

Now, securely tighten nuts to each bolt with washers and spring washers

NOTE: The installation angle should not exceed 10 degrees.







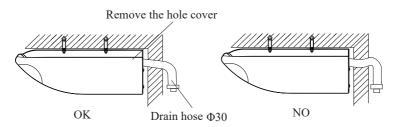
Drainage pipe connection

1.Installing the drain hose

Insert the drain hose into the drain pan, then secure the drain hose with a nylon fastener (we have connected the drain hose to the drain pan in the factory, you just need connect the drain pipe.).

Wrap the insulation (drain hose) around the drain hose connection.

Be sure to arrange the drain hose so that it is leveled lower than the drain hose connecting port of the indoor unit.



2.Drainage test

A.Check whether the drain pipe is unhindered and each joint is airproof.

B.lnject 2000ml water into the drain pan to test whether the water flows smoothly.

Choose installation location

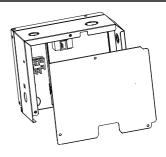
- 1.A place where there are sufficient space for repair
- 2. Hung ceiling that can bear the weight of the machine.
- 3.A place without air inlet and outletis not hindered and without influence from outdoor air.
- 4.A place without heat source like smoke, fire or toxic pullution.
- 5.A place where air flow can be transmitted everywhere in the room.
- 6.A place convienient for installation.

Caution:(location in the following places may cause malfunction of the machine).

- 1.A place where there is flammable gas leakage.
- 2. There is salty air surrounding (near the coast).
- 3. There is caustic gas(the sulfide, for example) existing in the ai.
- 4.A place where can not bear the weight of the machine.
- 5.ln kitchen where it is full of oil gas.
- 6. There is strong electromagnetic wave existing.
- 7. There is acid or alkaline liquid evaporating
- 8.A place where air circulation is not enough.
- 9. Other special surroundings.

ELECTRIC WIRING

 Wiring method for indoor unit: Open the electric junction box to carry out wire connection.
 Notice that the connecting wireshould be passed through wire-inlet rubberring of the box.
 Connect the wires according to stipulations in the wiring diagram, and thewire splices at connecting terminal should betightly compacted, free of looseness.

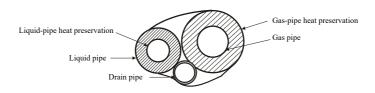


2. Binding treatment

Once the connecting wires have been properly connected, bind the connectingtubing, connecting wire and drain pipe by binding tapes.

After binding treatment, the cross section is shown in the figure below:

Notice: Drain pipe must not be flattened during binding treatment.



Drain pipe outlet should be led to a place that can avoid affecting the environment.

If situations as follow occur, please cut off the electric power before contacting the dealer

- open or close incorrectly
- fuse or electric leakage protector breaks for several times.
- Objects or water into the AC

ELECTRIC WIRING

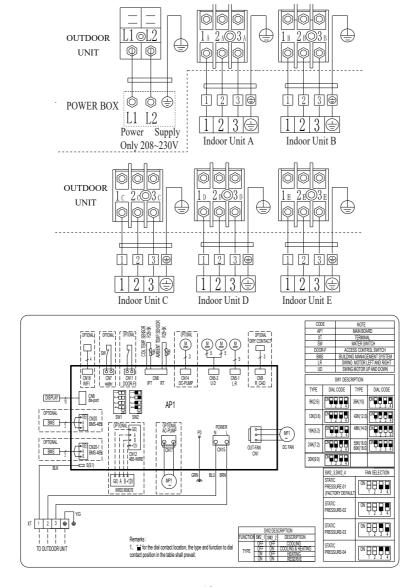
3.External wiring diagrams

Cable Connection Between IDU To ODU

Note:Plug the connective cables to the corrersponding terminals, as shown. For example, Terminal(A) of the ourdoor unit must connect with Terminal (A) on the indoor unit.

Note:1)1:Connect to internal and external com unication lines.

- 2)L:Connect the Live line.
- 3)N:Connect the Neutral line.



TEST RUN

Before testing

- a. Check if piping, drainage and external wiring have been finished correctly.
- b. Check if the power supply complies with requirements; if there is refrigerant leakage; if the all wires and cables are correctly connected and well fixed.

■ Function test

- a. After checking, energize your appliance and press the buttons on the control panel to see if the butt ons function;
- b. If LCD screen displays normally.

Notes

- 1. Please read this operating and installation instructions carefully.
- 2. Do not let air in or refrigerant out during installing or reinstalling the appliance.
- 3. Test run the air conditioner after finishing installation and keep the record.
- 4.The air conditioner operates safely when ambient static pressure is 0.8~1.05 standard atmosphere pressure.

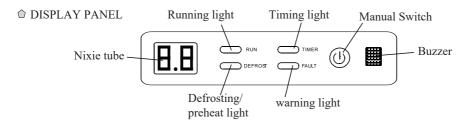
DISPLAY PANEL

1. Trouble display of indoor display panel

Infrared signal receiver:receive the signal from the remote controller.

To make your remote controller operation more efficient, please let remote controller emittor aim at infrared signal receiver.

Buzzer: firstly power supplied or any of remote controller operations will make the buzzer sound once. Some obstacles occuring in the system will be recognized by intelligent recognition system of unit, lighting on the DISPLAY PANEL flashing show the type of obstacles.



Display function declaration:

LED light the state of running light

When powered-on the first time, the running light twinkles, while the double-8 does not lit.

When started-up normally, the running light lights on,while the double-8 shows the designed temperature

When operated normally, the running light lights on, while the double-8 shows the designed temperature.

When closed down, both LED and double-8 are gone out.

LED light the state of Timing light

When timing set, the timing light lights on, and the double-8 flash shows the time setting within 5 seconds, then shows the designed temperature.

When without time setting, the timing light gone out, while the double-8 back to the original state.

LED light the state of defrosting/preheatlight

When in the state of defrost,oil return,cold-wind proof, the defrosting/preheat light lights on, while the double-8 shows the designed temperature. (One-driven-one does not show the oil return state).

When out of the state of defrost, oil return, cold-wind proof, the defrosting/preheat light gone out, while the double-8 shows the designed temperature. (One-drive-one does not show the oil return state).

LED light the state of warning light

When double-8 shows E* or P*, the running lights gone out, while the warning light lights on.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code	Error Content
E0	Indoor and outdoor communication failure
E1	Indoor ambient temperature sensor failure
E2	Indoor fancoil temperature sensor failure
E3	Outdoor fancoil temperature sensor failure
E4	Abnormal system malfunction (lack of fluorine)
E5	Model configuration error
E6	Indoor PG/DC fan failure
E7	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor failure
E8	Outdoor exhaust temperature sensor failure
Е9	Outdoor IPM module failure/compressor drive failure
EA	Outdoor current sensor failure
Eb	PCB and display screen communication failure
EC	Outdoor modules Communication failure
EE	Outdoor EEPROM fault
EF	Outdoor DC fan failure
ЕН	Outdoor suction sensor failure
EP	Outdoor compressor casing top failure
EU	Outdoor voltage sensor failure
Ej	Outdoor central coil temperature sensor failure
En	Outdoor air pipe temperature sensor failure
Еу	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor failure

Error Code	Error Content
Р0	IPM module protection
P1	Overvoltage and undervoltage protection
P2	Overcurrent protection
Р3	Other protections
P4	Protection against excessive outdoor exhaust temperature
P5	Cooling protection against overcooling
Р6	Cooling and anti overheating protection
P7	Heating and anti overheating protection
P8	Protection against high or low outdoor temperature
Р9	Compressor drive protection (abnormal load)
PA	Communication failure/mode conflict
F0	Infrared human sensing sensor failure
F1	Battery module failure
F2	Exhaust temperature sensor failure protection
F3	Failure protection of outer tube temperature sensor
F4	Abnormal protection of refrigerant circulation
F5	PFC protection
F6	Compressor missing/reverse phase protection
F7	Module temperature protection
F8	Abnormal commutation of four-way valve
F9	Module temperature sensor circuit malfunction

TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code	Error Content
FA	Compressor phase current detection fault
Fb	Cooling and heating overload protection limit frequency reduction
FC	High power protection limit/frequency reduction
FE	Module current (compressor phase curr ent) protection limit/frequency reduction
FF	Module temperature protection limit/frequency reduction
FH	Drive protection limit/frequency reduction
FP	Anti condensation protection limit/frequency reduction
FU	Anti freezing protection limit/frequency reduction
Fj	Exhaust protection limit/frequency reduction
Fn	External AC current protection limit/frequency reduction

Error Code	Error Content
Fy	Fluorine deficiency protection
H1	High pressure switch malfunction
Н2	Low pressure switch malfunction
bf	TVOC sensor failure
bc	PM2.5 sensor failure
bj	Humidity sensor failure
bE	CO2 sensor malfunction
bd	Fresh air fan failure
d4	Water full protection
d5	Access control protection

DISPOSAL GUIDELINE

- 1. Minimum installation height, minium room area (operating or storage) refer to installation manual.
- 1.La taille minimale d'installation, la surface minimale de pièce (opération ou stockage) se réfèrent au manuel d'installation.
- 2.Risk Of Fire-Auxiliary devices which may be ignition sources shall not be installed in the ductwork, other than auxiliary devices listed for use with the specific appliance. See instructions.
- 2.Risque d'incendie l'équipement auxiliaire qui peut être une source d'inflammation ne doit pas être installé dans le système de tuyauterie, à l'exception de l'équipement auxiliaire utilisé avec un équipement spécifique. Voir les instructions.
- 3. Mount with the lowest moving parts at least 2.5m (8ft) above floor or grade level.
- 3.Installé avec la partie mobile la plus basse au moins 2.5m(8ft) au-dessus du sol ou du plan du sol.
- 4.Risk of electric shock. Can cause injury or death. Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before servicing.
- 4.Risque de choc électrique. Causer des blessures ou la mort. Avant la réparation, débranchez toute alimentation à distance.
- 5.Risk Of Fire. Flammable Refrigerant Used. To Be Repaired Only By Trained Service Personnel. Do Not Puncture Refrigerant Tubing.
- 5.Risque d'incendie. Utilisation de réfrigérants inflammables. L'entretien ne peut être effectué que par un personnel de maintenance formé. Ne pas percer la ligne de réfrigérant.
- 6.Risk Of Fire. Dispose Of Properly In Accordance With Federal Or Local Regulations. Flammable Refrigerant Used.
- 6.Risque d'incendie. Disposer correctement conformément à la réglementation fédérale ou locale. Utilisation de réfrigérants inflammables.
- 7.Risk Of Fire. Flammable Refrigerant Used. Consult Repair Manual/Owner's Guide Before Attempting To Service This Product.All Safety Precautions Must Be Followed.
- 7.Risque d'incendie. Utilisation de réfrigérants inflammables. Veuillez consulter le manuel de réparation/guide de l'utilisateur avant d'essayer de réparer ce produit. Toutes les précautions de sécurité doivent être respectées.
- 8.Risk Of Fire. Due to Flammable Refrigerant Used.Follow Handling Instructions Carefully in Compliance with National Regulations.
- 8.Risque d'incendie causé par l'utilisation de réfrigérants inflammables. Suivez attentivement les instructions de manutention conformément aux réglementations nationales.

